

Slow technology for well being

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ABSTRACT

Slow technology is technology that positively influences our well being and helps people to stay true to their values and needs. It aids me in staying in contact with myself as a human being, slowing down the speed introduced by our technical world and aids me in arbitrating between demands of work and life and my personal needs.

Author Keywords

ACM Classification Keywords

H.5.m. Information Interfaces and Presentation (e.g. HCI):
Miscellaneous

General Terms

Slow Technology

SLOW TECHNOLOGY IS...

Slow technology is technology that positively influences our well being. It aids in staying healthy in our fast, technology filled, output oriented world. This aid can be either proactive or inherent. Proactive means technology that aids me in pursuing my consciously chosen goals. This includes behavioral goals as well as interventions for reflection, mental rest, and solitude. Inherent means technology is designed in such a way that it helps me focus on a task that is supported by the technology and then completely let go, until needed again; thus aid in an unobtrusive way, supposedly something that good interaction design always should do anyway.

This leads to a definition of slow technology by way of several attributes and previous concepts. Slow technology is

1. zen-style, technology that does exactly that what it is supposed to do. Not more not less. Zenware is an example of this.
2. calm, technology designed for mental rest, contemplation, self-sufficiency.

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3. low profile, technology that disappears behind purpose and hopefully great design. Technology that is only used where ultimately necessary and that is there to help people (instead of only focussing on increasing output).
4. ambient in that it conveys information and guidance in a subtle, inherent way.

This "definition" is meant as a guideline and not as an "all must be" definition. Slow technology can have one of these attributes or all. Important is, that in this case technology is designed in such a way that it supports people to slow down, come to rest, and stay healthy and happy. Areas that contribute are ambient interfaces, pervasive computing, calm technologies, calming technologies, contemplative computing, among others.

WHY BOTHER

After having focussed on industrialization and production efficiency in the last century, we now arguably move on into ages of information and knowledge. This comes at a cost, however. It appears that more and more people suffer from burnout syndromes and other "modern" diagnoses. Not really discussing the whys here, it seems that we run after more and more information but seemingly are not able to process it to knowledge while we are running and running. It seems there is an agreement that we need to stay in contact with everybody every time, we need to know everything that happens just now, and we need elaborate, multifunctional technical gadgets that help us make our personal, social, and work life more efficient. In this, we aim at generating even higher efficiency, now in collecting information and staying up to date. This, however, is not increasing knowledge in people – this would require learning by experiencing, doing and reflecting. Instead it is parameterizing people to, in a sense, become efficient information receiving and transmitting entities. Information is valued over knowledge. And cognitive processing is valued over real world, full body experiences. By focussing on the information world outside, we easily loose the connection to ourselves and the capabilities to perceive our own needs and our immediate real surrounding.

However, there are other ways to lead a live, being more centered in what really matters to us and in a conscious and thoughtful way [4] and connecting our own experiences with the world outside and its experience. A lot has to do with slowing down and taking time to appreciate what is. This can be entirely achieved without technology. Meditation, contemplation, going for a walk, living a rich real social life and so



Figure 3. Zen Timepiece is a digital alarm clock that slowly wakes people with a real brass bowl-gong. The time intervals between gongs decrease in a harmonious function.



Figure 1. "Honey, I'm home" signals your friend by way of olfactory evaporation that you came home. This is a project by Jofish Kaye.



Figure 2. Afshin Mehin proposes the Slow Down Watch that visualizes the heart beat

on aids in doing so. Still, technology can aid in mediating between the outside demands and our personal needs. And potentially it can make functions available that otherwise are not available. Slow technology helps me to take time off, escaping the speed and demand that seems to be everywhere. Slow technology aids me in pursuing my personal goals, aids in staying focussed on what matters to us and helps not be distracted. It does exactly what it is supposed to do. Not more not less. Not with more technology than absolute is necessary. And its is calm, available in an ambient, non intrusive way, unless I want it being in my focus. And last but not least I personally prefer physical objects enhanced with technology to PC or smartphone apps. Nevertheless, computers have large possibilities to deliver applications tailored to support people in living a healthy life and help them stay true to their values and needs.

ARTIFACT

Three artifacts present examples that show attributes of slow technology. The first example is Jofish Kaye's work on ambient olfactory devices [1] for subtle information delivery, shown in Figure 1. The second example is the Slow Down Watch of Afshin Mehin [2] in cooperation with IDEO that visualizes the heart rate and encourages to decrease the stress level, as shown in Figure 2. The third example is my favorite long time owned Zen alarm clock, the Zen Timepiece by Now & Zen [3], shown in Figure 3.

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